

# HeFS Filesystem Specification (v1.3)

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2025

## 1 Overview

The High-throughput Extended File System (HeFS) is a custom filesystem tailored for performance, structure, and compact representation. It uses red-black trees for directory indexing, sparse block slicing for file layout, and fixed-size metadata structures optimized for 512-byte sector alignment.

## 2 Constants and Macros

| Name                   | Value / Description               |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| kHeFSVersion           | 0x0103                            |
| kHeFSMagic             | " HeFS" (8-byte magic identifier) |
| kHeFSMagicLen          | 8                                 |
| kHeFSBlockLen          | 512 bytes                         |
| kHeFSFileNameLen       | 256 characters                    |
| kHeFSPartNameLen       | 128 characters                    |
| kHeFSMinimumDiskSize   | 128 GiB                           |
| kHeFSDefaultVolumeName | "HeFS Volume"                     |
| kHeFSINDStartOffset    | Offset after boot node            |
| kHeFSSearchAllStr      | "*" (wildcard string)             |

## 3 Disk and File Metadata Enums

### 3.1 Drive Kind (UInt8)

- 0xC0: Hard Drive
- 0xC1: Solid State Drive
- 0x0C: Optical Drive
- 0xCC: USB Mass Storage
- 0xC4: SCSI Drive
- 0xC6: Flash Drive
- 0xFF: Unknown

### 3.2 Disk Status (UInt8)

- 0x18: Unlocked
- 0x19: Locked
- 0x1A: Error
- 0x1B: Invalid

### 3.3 Encoding Flags (UInt16)

- UTF-8
- UTF-16
- UTF-32
- UTF-16BE
- UTF-16LE
- UTF-32BE
- UTF-32LE
- UTF-8BE
- UTF-8LE
- Binary

### 3.4 File Kinds (UInt16)

- 0x00: Regular File
- 0x01: Directory
- 0x02: Block Device
- 0x03: Character Device
- 0x04: FIFO
- 0x05: Socket
- 0x06: Symbolic Link
- 0x07: Unknown

### 3.5 File Flags (UInt32)

- 0x000: None
- 0x100: ReadOnly
- 0x101: Hidden
- 0x102: System
- 0x103: Archive
- 0x104: Device

## 4 Structures

### 4.1 HEFS\_BOOT\_NODE

Acts as the superblock.

- `fMagic`, `fVolName`, `fVersion`, `fChecksum`
- Sector and disk geometry: `fSectorCount`, `fSectorSize`, `fBadSectors`
- Drive info: `fDiskKind`, `fEncoding`, `fDiskStatus`, `fDiskFlags`, `fVID`
- Tree layout: `fStartIND`, `fEndIND`, `fINDCount`
- Reserved: `fStartIN`, `fEndIN`, `fStartBlock`, `fEndBlock`

### 4.2 HEFS\_INDEX\_NODE

Contains file metadata and block layout.

- `fHashPath`, `fFlags`, `fKind`, `fSize`, `fChecksum`
- `fSymLink` - if set, `fHashPath` represents the symlink target
- Time: `fCreated`, `fAccessed`, `fModified`, `fDeleted`
- Ownership: `fUID`, `fGID`, `fMode`
- Block data: `fOffsetSliceLow`, `fOffsetSliceHigh`

### 4.3 HEFS\_INDEX\_NODE\_DIRECTORY

Red-black tree based directory node.

- `fHashPath`, `fFlags`, `fKind`, `fEntryCount`, `fChecksum`
- Time and ownership same as inode
- `fINSlices[kHeFSSliceCount]` for storing child inode links
- RB-Tree Fields:
  - `fColor`: Red or Black
  - `fNext/fPrev`: Sibling pointers
  - `fChild`: Left or right child (implementation-defined)
  - `fParent`: Parent node

## 5 Timestamp Layout (ATime)

`ATime` is a 64-bit timestamp and allocation status tracker with the following structure:

- Bits 63-32: Year
- Bits 31-24: Month
- Bits 23-16: Day
- Bits 15-8: Hour
- Bits 7-0: Minute

Constants:

- `kHeFSTimeInvalid` = 0x0
- `kHeFSTimeMax` = 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF - 1

## 6 Filesystem API

Provided by `Kernel::HeFS::HeFileSystemParser`.

- `Format(drive, flags, name)` - Format drive with HeFS
- `CreateINodeDirectory(drive, flags, dir)`
- `RemoveINodeDirectory(drive, flags, dir)`
- `CreateINode(drive, flags, dir, name, kind)`
- `DeleteINode(drive, flags, dir, name, kind)`
- `INodeManip(drive, block, size, dir, kind, name, in)`

Internal helpers:

- `INodeCtlManip`, `INodeDirectoryCtlManip`

## 7 Conclusion

HeFS provides a modern and compact approach to high-performance file storage. Its use of red-black trees, fixed-size metadata, slice-based sparse files, and minimal overhead makes it a strong candidate for performance-sensitive use cases.